

- Direct drive backlash free
- Nanometer resolution
- Quick response
- Optical mount interface

The LTC40 linear motor is intended for use in a large range of applications; laser and optics applications, moving mirror mounts, replacement for micrometer screws etc. The very high speed dynamics and nanometer resolution makes it ideal for numerous applications.

The Piezo LEGS technology is characterized by its outstanding precision. Fast speed and quick response time, as well as long service life are other benefits. In combination with the nanometer resolution the technology is quite unique.

The motor is ideally suited for move and hold applications or for automatic adjustments. When in hold position it does not consume any power. The drive technology is direct, meaning no gears or lead screws are needed to create linear motion. The motor has no mechanical play or backlash. The LTC40 linear motor is available with a few different mounting options - clamp, nut, or flange.

Operating modes

The motor can move in full steps (waveform-steps), or partial steps (microsteps) giving positioning resolution in the nanometer range. Speed is adjustable from single microsteps per second up to max specified.



Controlling the motor

PiezoMotor offers a range of drivers and controllers. The most basic one is a handheld push button driver. Another option is an analogue driver that regulates the motor speed by means of an ± 10 V analog interface. More advanced alternatives are microstep drivers/ controllers in the 100- and 200-series. These products allow for closed loop control and precise positioning. The microstepping feature divides the wfm-step into thousands of small increments which results in microsteps in the nanometer range. The PMD units are straight forward to use, supports quadrature and serial sensors, and have multiple I/O ports.



Design your own driver

Some customers prefer to design their own driver for ease of integration. PiezoMotor provides information to assist in the design.

Ordering information				
Motors				
LTC4012-013	Clamp mount, shaft with ball tip			
LTC4013-013	Clamp mount, shaft with M2.5			
LTC4014-013	Nut mount, shaft with M2.5			
LTC4016-013	Flange mount, shaft with M2.5			
Drivers and Controllers				
PMCM21	Handheld push button driver			
PMCM31	Analogue driver			
PMD101	1-axis microstepping driver			
PMD206	6-axis microstepping driver			
PMD236	36-axis microstepping driver			
Linear Encoders				
See constrate data chest				

See separerate data sheet

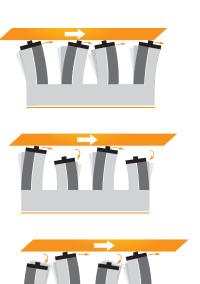


Operating Principle

The Piezo LEGS walking principle is of the non-resonant type, i.e. the position of the drive legs is known at any given moment. This assures very good control of the motion over the whole speed range.

The performance of a Piezo LEGS motor is different from that of a DC or stepper motor in several aspects. A Piezo LEGS motor is friction based, meaning the motion is transferred through contact friction between the drive leg and the drive rod. You cannot rely on each step being equal to the next. This is especially true if the motor is operated under varying loads, as shown in the diagram below. For each waveform cycle the Piezo LEGS motor will take one full step, referred to as one *wfm-step* (~8 µm at no load with waveform *Rhomb*). In the schematic illustrations to the right, you can see one step being completed. The velocity of the drive rod is wfm-step length multiplied with waveform frequency (8 µm x 2 kHz = 16 mm/s).

Microstepping is achieved by dividing the wfm-step into discrete points. The resolution will be a combination of the the number of points in the waveform, and the load. Example: at 20 N load the typical wfm-step length with waveform *Delta* is ~4.5 μ m, and with 8192 discrete points in the waveform the microstep resolution will be ~0.5 nm.



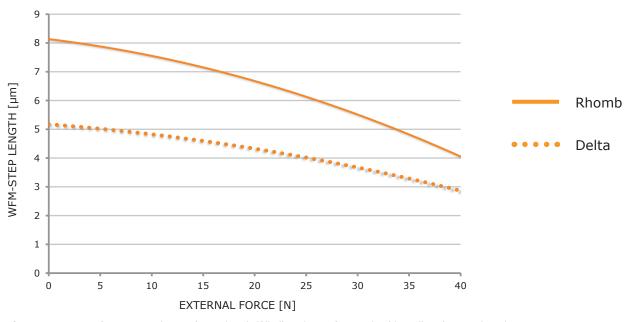


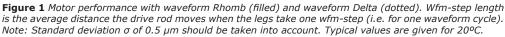
1 When all four legs are electrically activated they are elongated and bending. As we shall see below, alternate legs move as pairs. Arrows show the direction of motion of the tip of each leg.

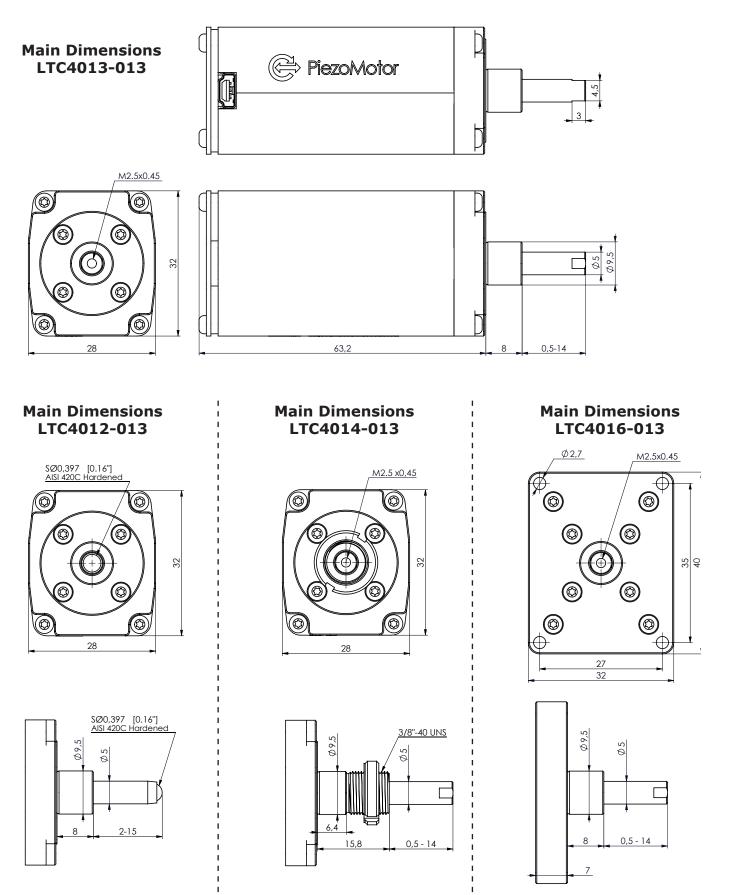
2 The first pair of legs maintains contact with the rod and moves towards the right. The second pair retracts and their tips begin to move left.

3 The second pair of legs has now extended and repositioned in contact with the rod. Their tips begin moving right. The first pair retracts and their tips begin to move left.

4 The second pair of legs has moved right. The first pair begins to elongate and move up towards the rod.







Note:

Refer to drawings for details. Drive shaft has only limited bending moment capability, and absolutely no rotational torque is allowed. In order to safely mount an endpiece in the threaded hole, you must first release the motor completely (it must not be fixed in position). Thereafter, hold on only to the flat part of the shaft and fasten endpiece tightly.

Piezo LEGS® Linear Twin-C 40N

Technical Specification				
Туре	LTC40	Unit	Note	
Minimum Stroke	12.8	mm		
Speed Range ^a	0-16	mm/s	recommended, no load	
Step Length ^b	4.5	μm	one wfm-step	
	0.0005 ^c	μm	one microstep ^c	
Resolution	< 1	nm	driver dependent	
Recommended Operating Range	0-20	Ν	for best microstepping performance and life time	
Stall Force	40	Ν		
Holding Force	44	Ν		
Maximum Voltage	48	V		
Power Consumption ^d	10	mW/Hz	=2 W at 100 Hz wfm-step frequency	
Connector	USB mini-B			
Mechanical Size	63.2 x 32 x 28	mm	see drawing for details	
Material in Motor Housing	Stainless Steel, Aluminum			
Weight	165	gram	approximate	
Operating Temp.	0 to +50	٥C		
Versions	LTC4012-013	LTC4013-013	LTC4014-013 LTC4016-013	
	S D	A COLO		









a. Max value is typical for waveform *Rhomb* at 2 kHz, no load, temperature 20°C.
b. Typical value for waveform *Delta*, 20 N load, temperature 20°C.

d. At temperature 20°C, intermittent runs.

Note: All specifications are subject to change without notice.

Connector Type

The motor connector is USB mini-B. Motor cable is included (2 m with USB mini-B to JST 05SR-3S). Cable connects directly to driver PMD101 and PMCM31. For connection to driver PMD206 and PMD236 you also need a D-sub adapter (p/n CK6280).

Pin Assignment			
Terminal	Cable Color		
Ground (GND)	Black or brown		
Phase 4	Grey		
Phase 3	White		
Phase 2	Green		
Phase 1	Yellow		
	Terminal Ground (GND) Phase 4 Phase 3 Phase 2		



Visit our website for application examples, CAD files, videos and more...

www.piezomotor.com



PiezoMotor Uppsala AB Stålgatan 14 SE-754 50 Uppsala, Sweden

PiezoMotor

Telephone: +46 18 489 5000 Fax: +46 18 489 5001

info@piezomotor.com www.piezomotor.com